

Introduction to the DQ analysis framework

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on behalf of the O2 DQ group

O2 Analysis tutorial 5.0
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Overview

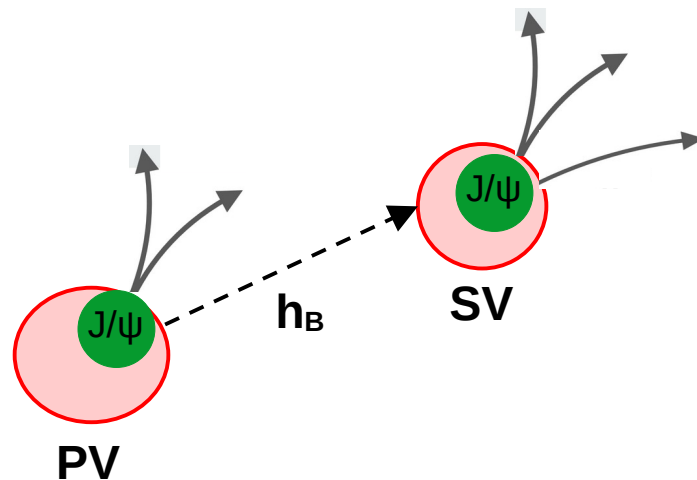
- Motivation and physics cases
- O2-DQ software structure
- Skimmed data model
- Workflows
 - Data filtering and skimming/slimming
 - Data analysis
- Pseudo-code example for using the framework utilities
- Summary

Motivation and physics cases

- Dedicated framework to work in particular with (di-)leptons, both in the MUON arm and Central Barrel
- Common tools and workflows prepared by experts in working with electrons in the barrel and muons with the MUON arm and the MFT

Motivation and physics cases

- Dedicated framework to work in particular with (di-)leptons, both in the MUON arm and Central Barrel
- Common tools and workflows prepared by experts in working with electrons in the barrel and muons with the MUON arm and MFT
- Physics cases:
 - Quarkonia decaying to dileptons
 - Low mass dileptons
 - Heavy-flavour (single) leptons
 - $B^{\pm,0} \rightarrow J/\psi + K^{\pm,0}$, $B_c \rightarrow 3$ muons, $\chi_c \rightarrow J/\psi + \gamma$,
 $X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi + \pi^+ \pi^-$, etc.
 - Associated quarkonia production:
 - jets, charged hadrons, open HF hadrons, double quarkonia, etc.
 - Quarkonia and open heavy-flavour in ultra-peripheral collisions



Framework Overview

- Code in O2Physics/PWGDQ/

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- PWG-DQ standalone data model ([ReducedInfoTables.h](#))

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- PWG-DQ standalone data model ([ReducedInfoTables.h](#))
- Configurable workflows:
 - Event filtering for pp/p-Pb and Pb-Pb: [filter-pp](#), [filter-pbpb](#)
 - Skimming/slimming of data/MC to a PWG-DQ standalone data model:
[table-maker](#), [table-maker-mc](#)
 - Analysis of skimmed data/MC: [table-reader](#), [dq-efficiency](#)

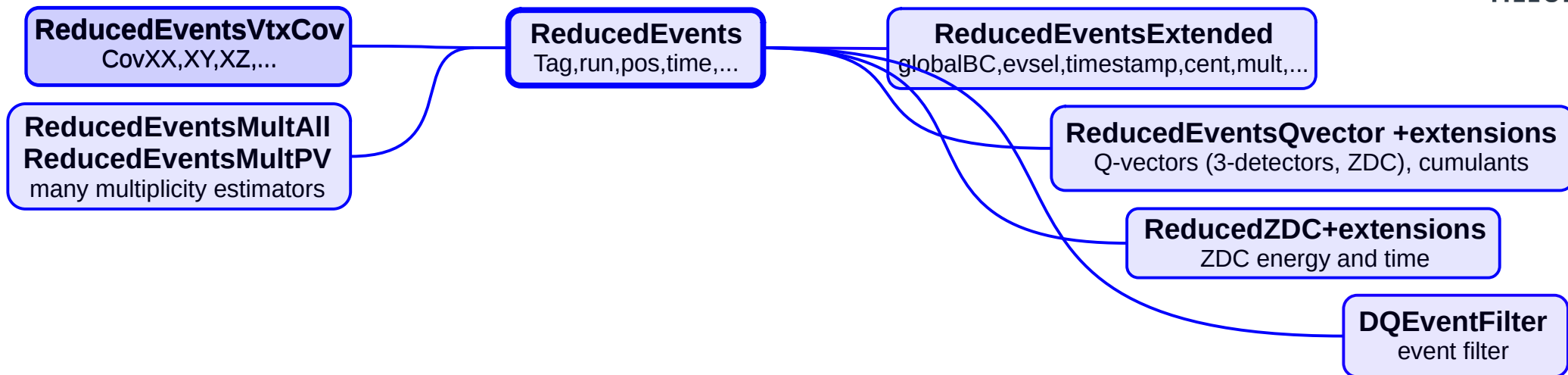
Framework Overview

- Code in O2Physics/PWGDQ/
- PWG-DQ standalone data model ([ReducedInfoTables.h](#))
- Configurable workflows:
 - Event filtering for pp/p-Pb and Pb-Pb: [filter-pp](#), [filter-pbpb](#)
 - Skimming/slimming of data/MC to a PWG-DQ standalone data model: [table-maker](#), [table-maker-mc](#)
 - Analysis of skimmed data/MC: [table-reader](#), [dq-efficiency](#)
 - Tag-and-probe for QA, calibration and data-driven efficiency
 - V0 selector for clean PID track samples: [v0-selector](#)
 - Dalitz electrons selector (primary electrons): [dalitz-selection](#)
 - MUON data driven efficiency workflows: [task-muon-mch-trk-eff](#), etc.
 - Event Q-vector and other event-wise correlators creator: [dq-flow](#), [dq-correlation](#)

Framework Overview

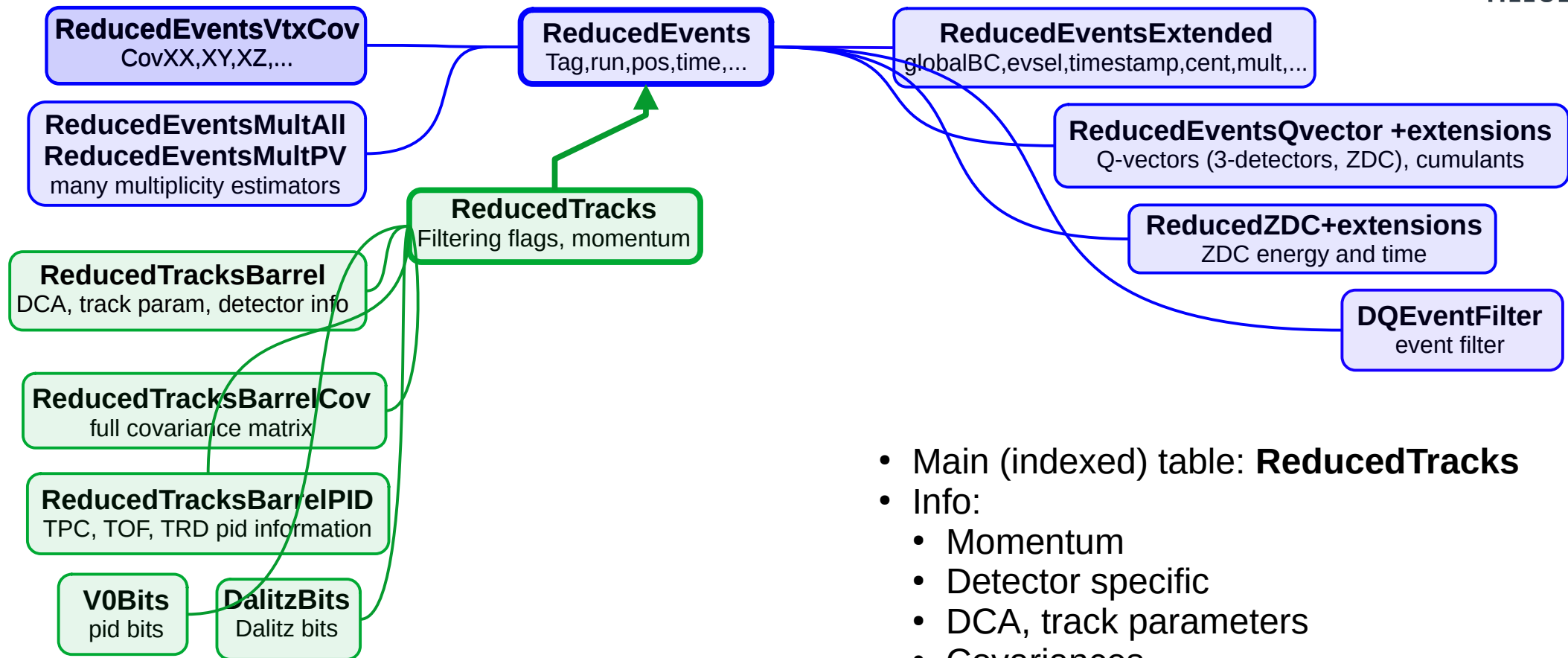
- Utilities
 - `VariableManager`: computes all quantities required in an analysis
 - `HistogramManager`: histogram definition, filling and handling
 - `AnalysisCut`, `AnalysisCompositeCut`: analysis cuts
 - `MCProng`, `MCSignal`: Monte-Carlo particle stack handling
 - `MixingHandler`: event mixing handling
 - Libraries: `HistogramsLibrary`, `CutsLibrary`, `MCSignalLibrary`

DQ derived data model: **events**



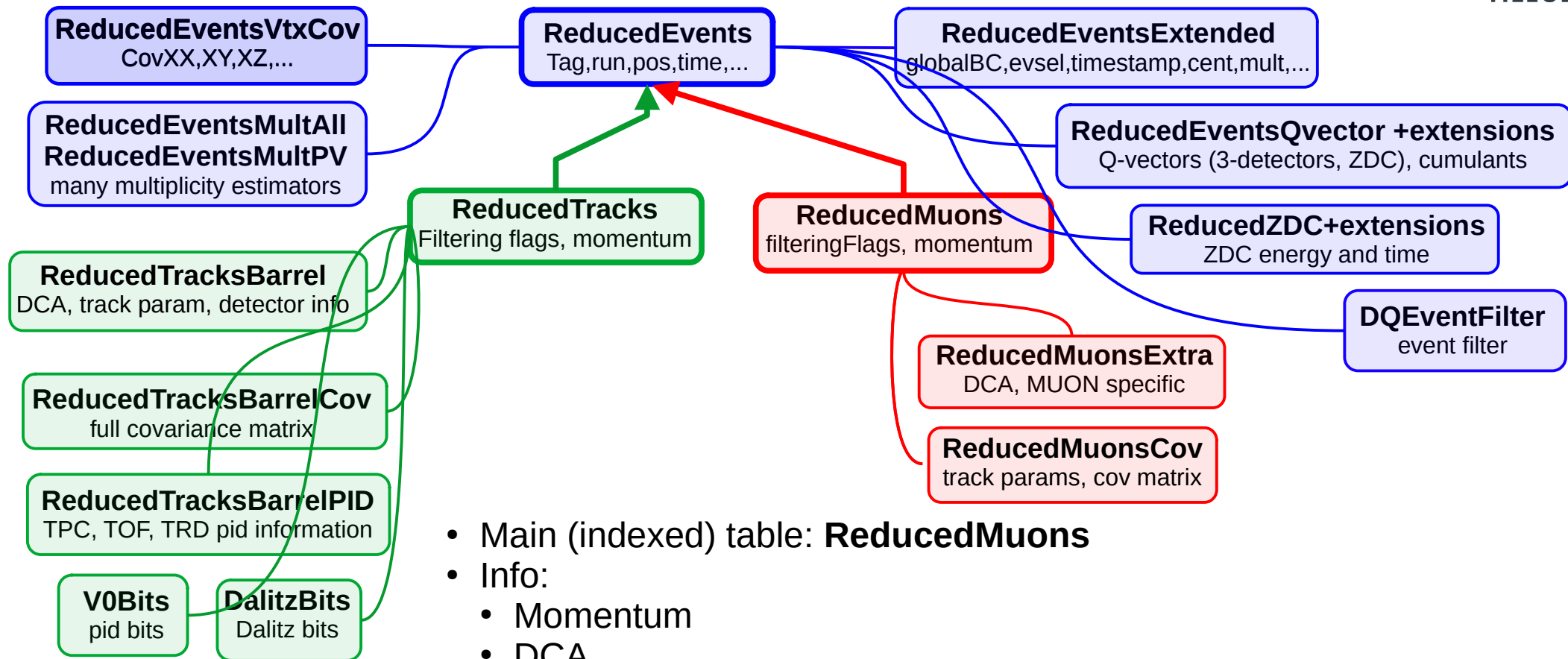
- Main (indexed) table: **ReducedEvents**
- Event information stored in several different tables
 - Main
 - Covariances
 - Multiplicities
 - Q-vector, etc.

DQ derived data model: barrel tracks



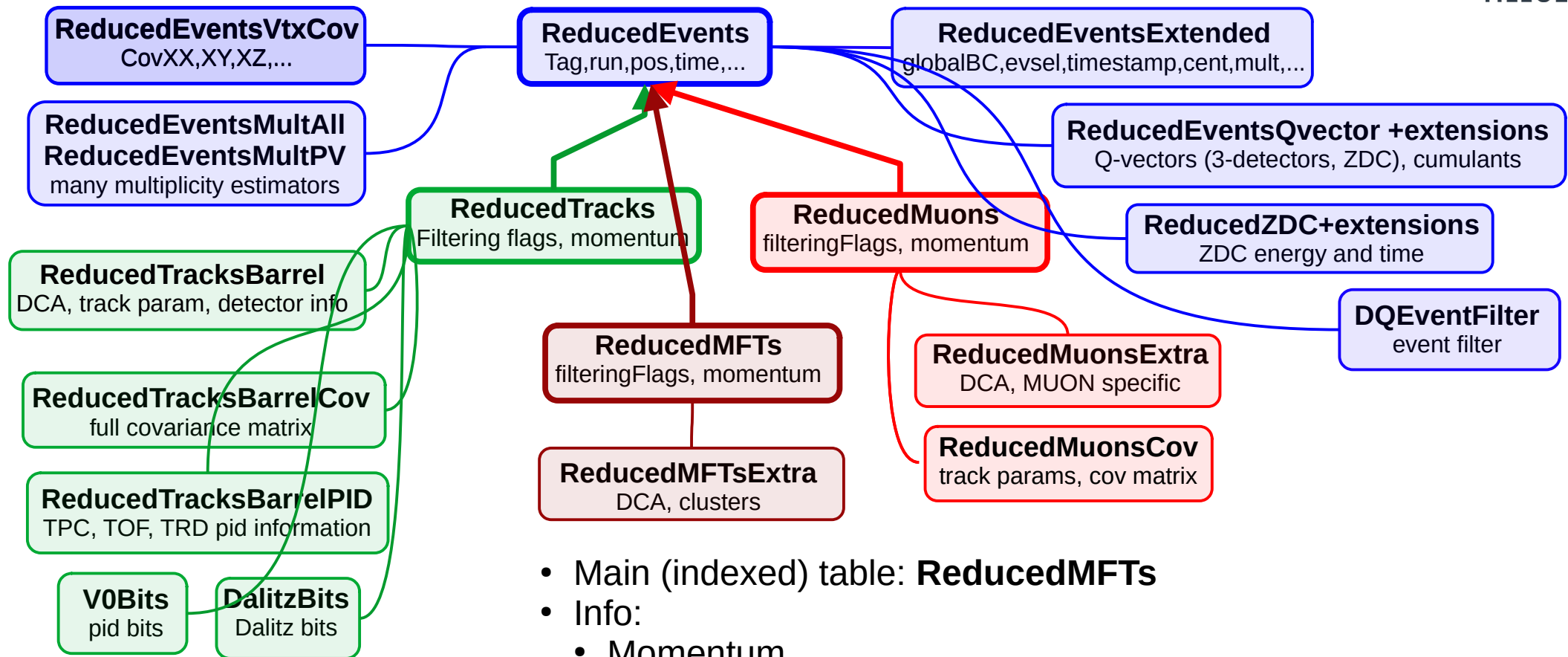
- Main (indexed) table: **ReducedTracks**
- Info:
 - Momentum
 - Detector specific
 - DCA, track parameters
 - Covariances
 - PID
 - V0 and Dalitz info

DQ derived data model: **muon tracks**



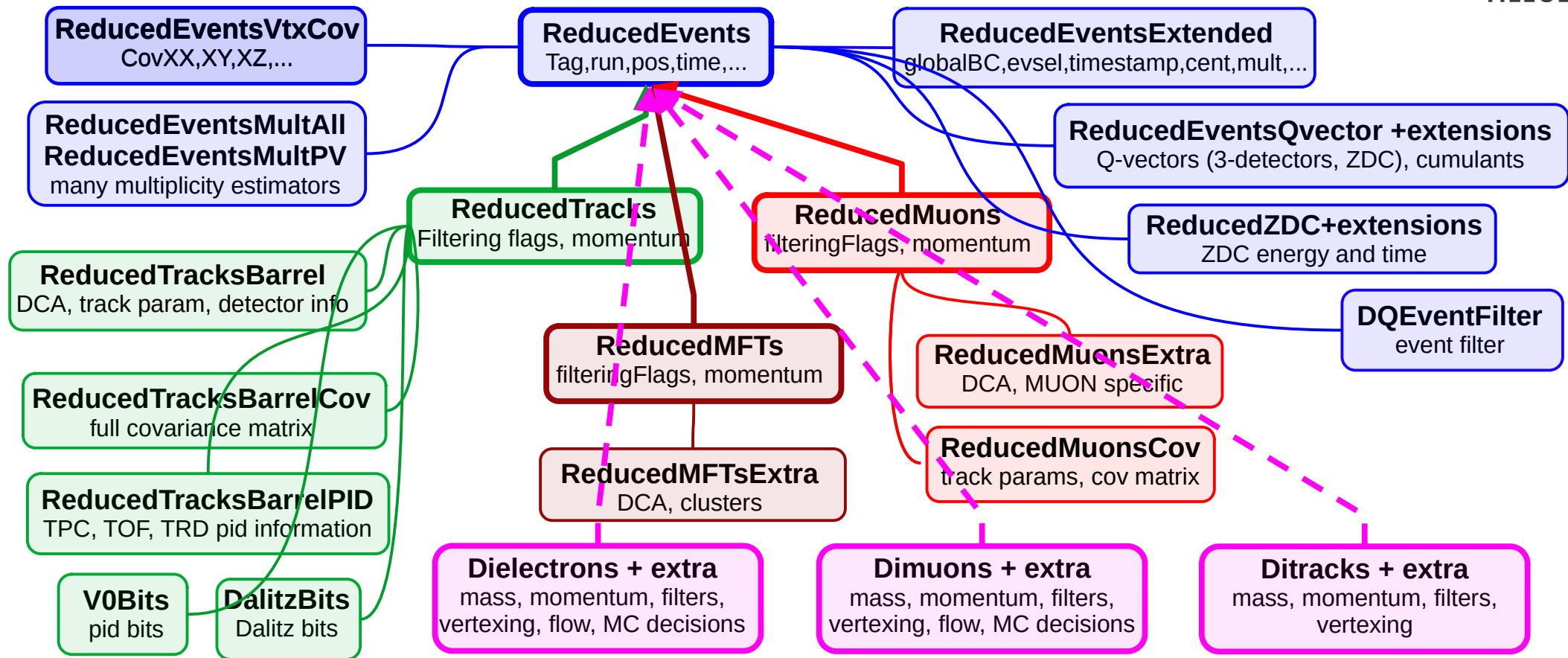
- Main (indexed) table: **ReducedMuons**
- Info:
 - Momentum
 - DCA,
 - track parameters, covariances
 - MUON specific

DQ derived data model: MFT tracks



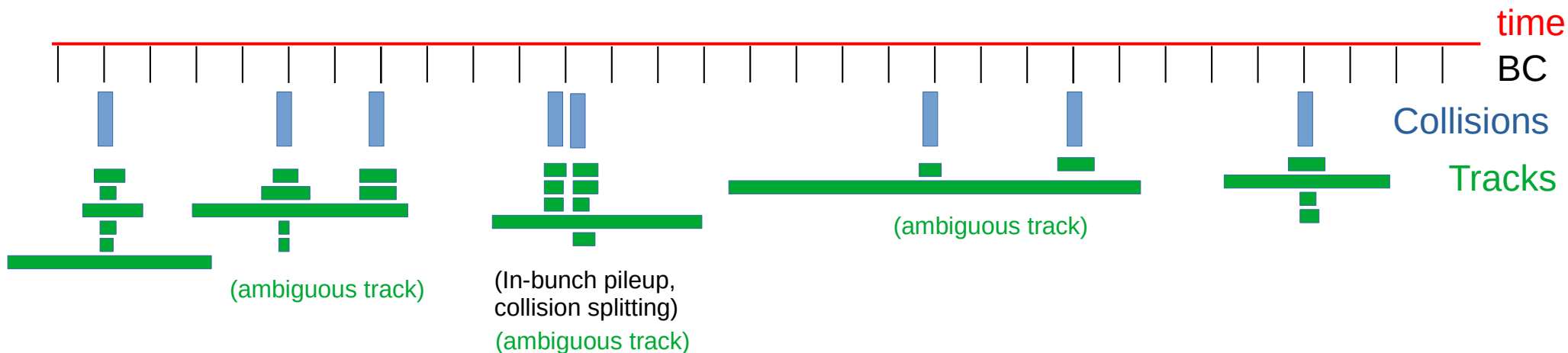
- Main (indexed) table: **ReducedMFTs**
- Info:
 - Momentum
 - DCA
 - clusters

DQ derived data model: high level tables



- Various high level tables produced during analysis

Track to collision ambiguity



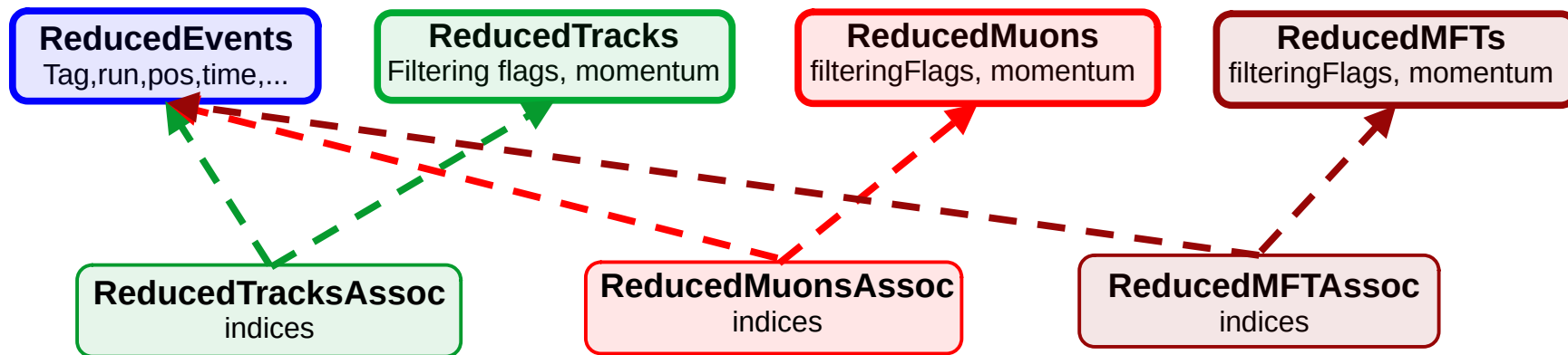
- **Ambiguous tracks:** track time resolution allows compatibility with more than one collision
- Time resolution scales:
 - TPC only: $\sim 100 \mu\text{s}$
 - ITS+TPC: $1\text{-}15 \mu\text{s}$
 - ITS+TPC+TRD/TOF: $\sim 1 \text{ ns}$
- **Orphan tracks** (tracks with no collision association)

Sources of ambiguity:

- Close in time out-of-bunch pileup
- In-bunch pileup
- Collision splitting, ...

Association tables can be written to disk as part of the derived data model

DQ derived data model: **associations**



- Association tables for barrel, muon and MFT tracks can be written in the data model
- One track may appear in more than one association (associated to different events)
- Some track or pair properties need to be recomputed for each association at analysis time:
 - DCA, secondary vertexing, ...
- **Analysis loops over associations instead of tracks!**
 - Ideal case: after analysis selections, only the “correct” association remains
 - Real life: some fraction of multiple-counting of tracks or signals (e.g. jpsi candidates)

DQ derived data model: MC event

(Reconstructed level)

(MC truth level)

ReducedMCEvents

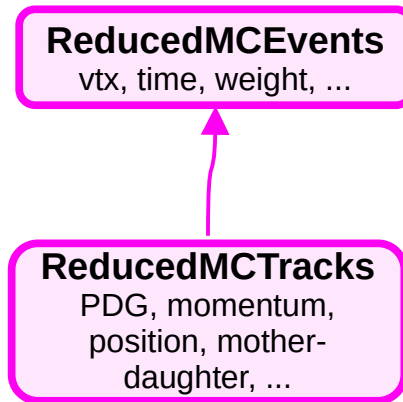
vtx, time, weight, ...

- Top MC truth node: **ReducedMCEvents**
- MC event-wise information: vtx position, time, MC weight, etc.

DQ derived data model: MC tracks

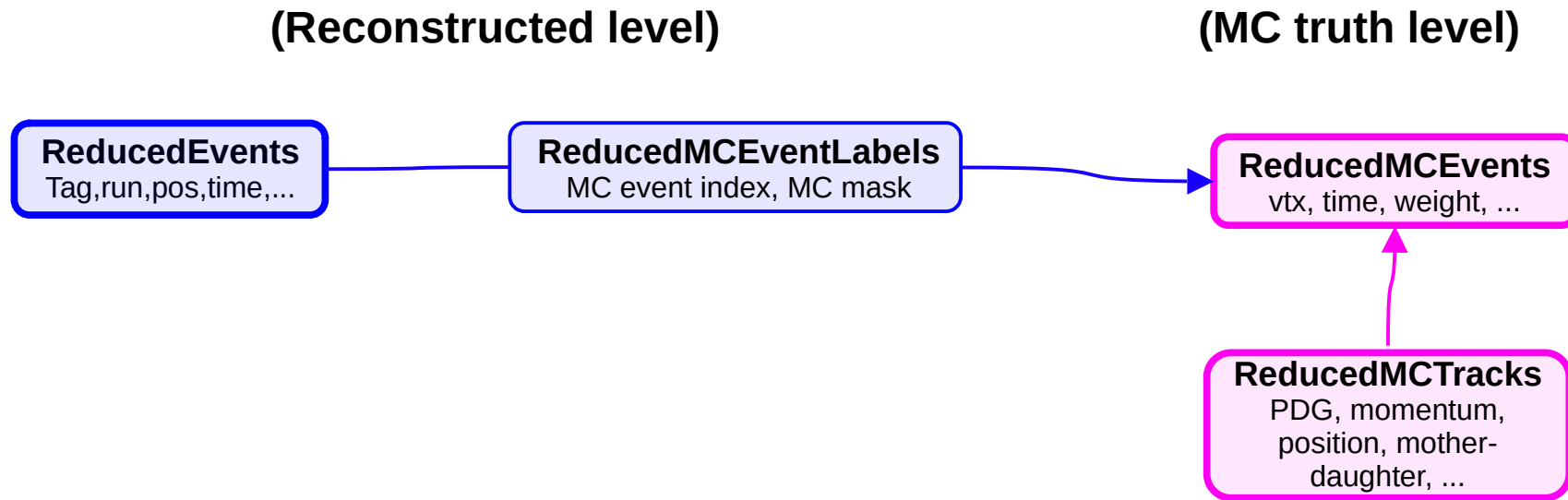
(Reconstructed level)

(MC truth level)



- MC truth tracks table: **ReducedMCTracks**
- MC truth tracks can be filtered using DQ framework utilities, such as **MCSignal**
- Mother-daughter relations recomputed at skimming time

DQ derived data model: event labels

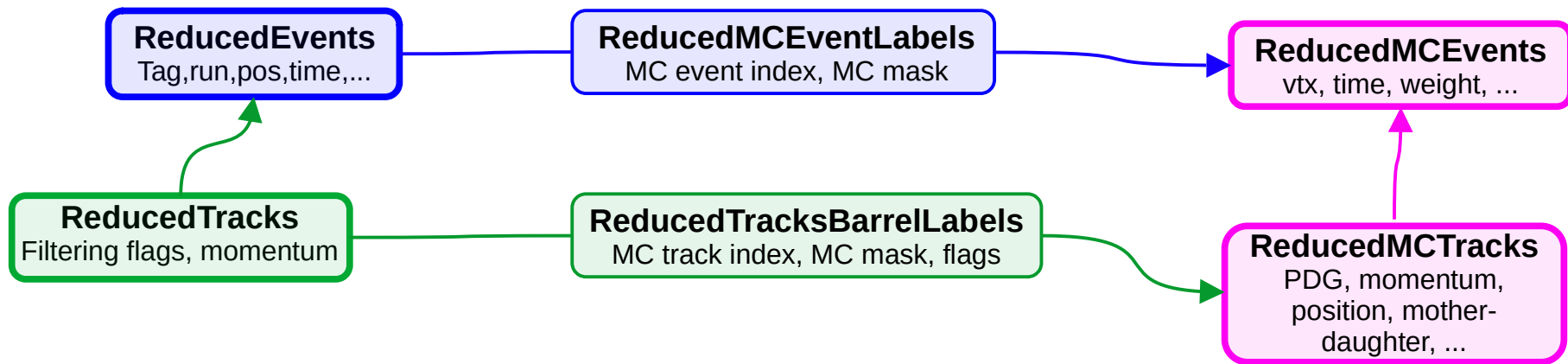


- The connection between the reconstructed-level tables and the MC truth tables is done via label tables, similar to the O2 framework

DQ derived data model: track labels

(Reconstructed level)

(MC truth level)

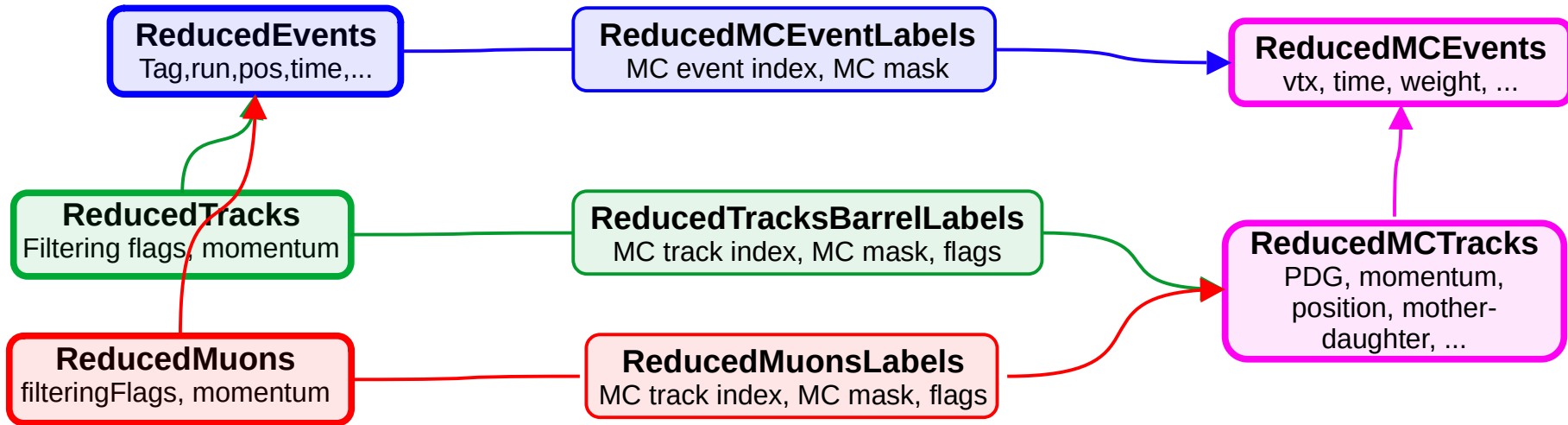


- The connection between the reconstructed-level tables and the MC truth tables is done via label tables, similar to the O2 framework

DQ derived data model: **muon labels**

(Reconstructed level)

(MC truth level)



- The connection between the reconstructed-level tables and the MC truth tables is done via label tables, similar to the O2 framework

Reconstructed vs MC truth

Reco event

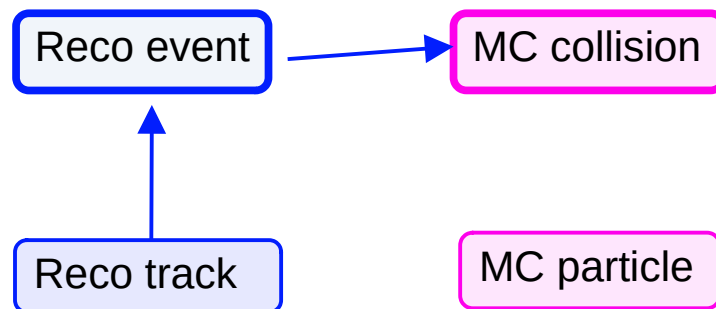
MC collision

Reco track

MC particle

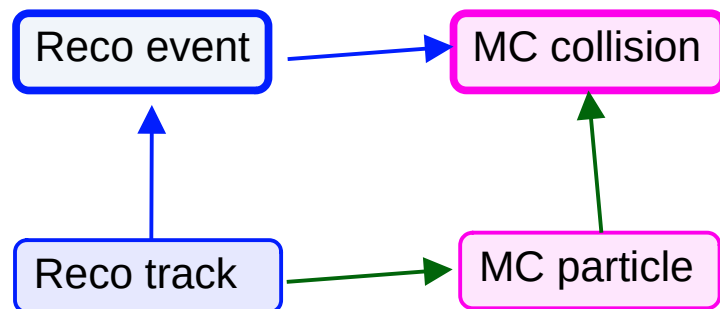
- Ideally, MC truth information should not be ambiguous, e.g.:
 - Retrieving the MC collision, starting from a reconstructed track

Reconstructed vs MC truth



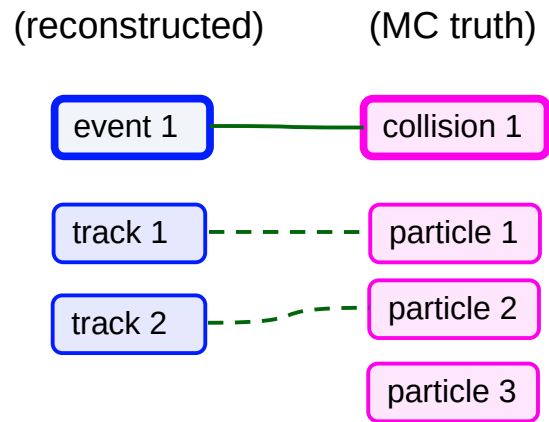
- A reconstructed track belongs to a corresponding reconstructed event, which in turn has a matched MC collision

Reconstructed vs MC truth



- A reconstructed track has a matched MC particle, which in turn belongs to a MC collision
- Ideally, the blue and green paths would lead to the same MC collision

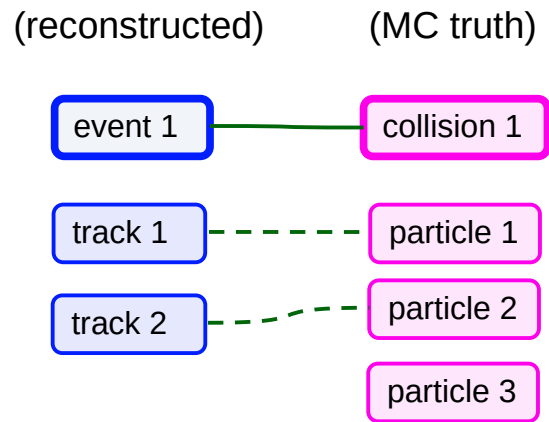
Reconstructed vs MC truth (a couple of examples)



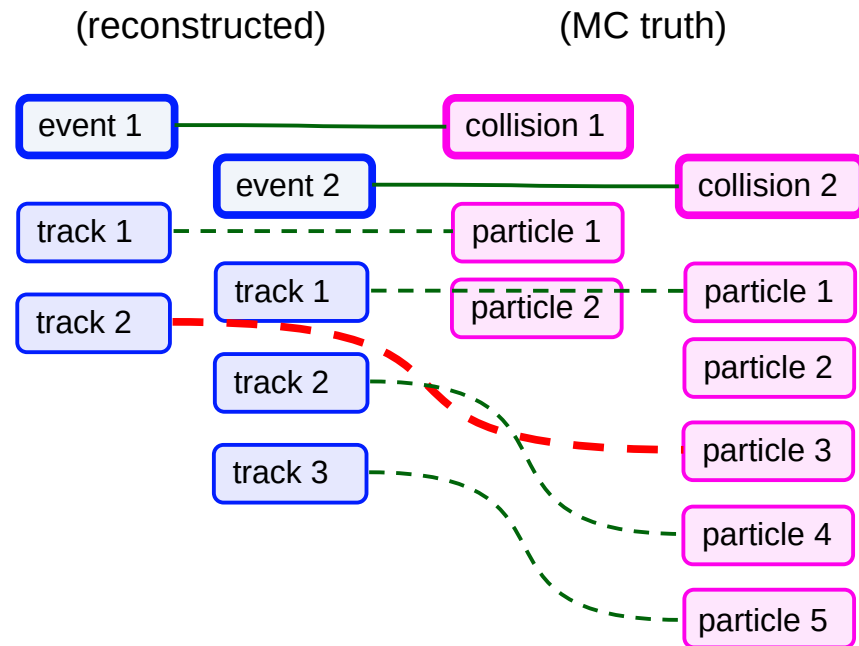
“Standard”/ideal case

- Standard case:
 - reconstructed event matched to an MC collision
 - Each reconstructed track is matched to an MC particle from the same MC collision as the reconstructed event match

Reconstructed vs MC truth (a couple of examples)



“Standard”/ideal case



Wrong track-collision association

- Wrong track-collision association
 - Reconstructed events correctly matched to MC collisions
 - One track from event 1 is matched to an MC particle from MC collision 2
 - Possible explanation: the two collisions are close in time, and one of the tracks has a large time uncertainty, so in reconstruction was assigned to the wrong reco event

Skimming workflow: input data

Input data
& params

AO2D.root

CCDB

- Produces standalone filtered and skimmed data
- Configurability for
 - selecting events, tracks, muons and MFT tracklets
 - amount of event/track/muon/MFT information
- Multiple parallel selections on tracks and muons (similar to AOD filter bits)
- Intended for general purpose analysis, not limited to DQ

- Input data: AO2D and CCDB

Skimming workflow: common utilities

Input data
& params

O2Physics
common utilities

event-multiplicity

event-selection

event-timestamp

centrality-task

track-selection

track-propagation

PID tasks
(TPC, TOF, ...)

track-to-collision-associator

fwdtrack-to-collision-associator

AO2D.root

CCDB

- Aggregates on-the-fly information produced by the O2 common utilities (services)
 - Event selection
 - Multiplicity, centrality
 - Timestamp
 - Track selection and propagation
 - PID
 - Track to collision associations

Skimming workflow: DQ utilities

Input data
& params

O2Physics
common utilities

DQ framework

AO2D.root

CCDB



event-multiplicity

event-selection

event-timestamp

centrality-task

track-selection

track-propagation

PID tasks
(TPC, TOF, ...)

track-to-collision-associator

fwdtrack-to-collision-associator



Filter-pp, filter-PbPb

Produces:

- *EventFiltering::DqFilters,*
- *DQ::DQEventFilter*
- *QA histograms*

v0-selector

Produces:

- *DQ::V0Bits*
- *QA histograms*

dalitz-selector

Produces:

- *DQ::DalitzBits*
- *QA histograms*

dq-flow

Produces:

- *DQ::Qvector*
- *QA histograms*

- DQ utilities
- Event filtering
- V0 and Dalitz tagging
- Q-vector and correlations

Skimming workflow: **table-maker**

Input data
& params

O2Physics
common utilities

DQ framework

AO2D.root

CCDB

event-multiplicity

event-selection

event-timestamp

centrality-task

track-selection

track-propagation

PID tasks
(TPC, TOF, ...)

track-to-collision-associator

fwdtrack-to-collision-associator

filter-pp

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dq-flow

Produces:

- *DQ::Qvector*
- *QA histograms*

table-maker

Produces:

- *Skimmed data tables*
- *Event stats*
- *Track & muon stats*
- *QA histograms*

- Produces a standalone derived data model

The analysis workflow: input data

Input data

DQ skims

or

AO2D.root

- Configurable workflow to run all analyses
- Uses DQ skims, but can be configured also Framework/AO2D
- Can replay event/track selections but also uses precomputed decisions from skimming time
- Produces higher level skims for “offline” (e.g. machine learning) applications
 - dileptons, triplets, etc.

The analysis workflow: event and track selection

Input data

DQ skims

or

AO2D.root



event-selection

Produces:

- *Selections*
- *Ev. mixing categories*
- *QA histograms*

track-selection(s)

Produces:

- *Selections*
- *QA histograms*

prefilter-selection(s)

Produces:

- *Selections*

muon-selection(s)

Produces:

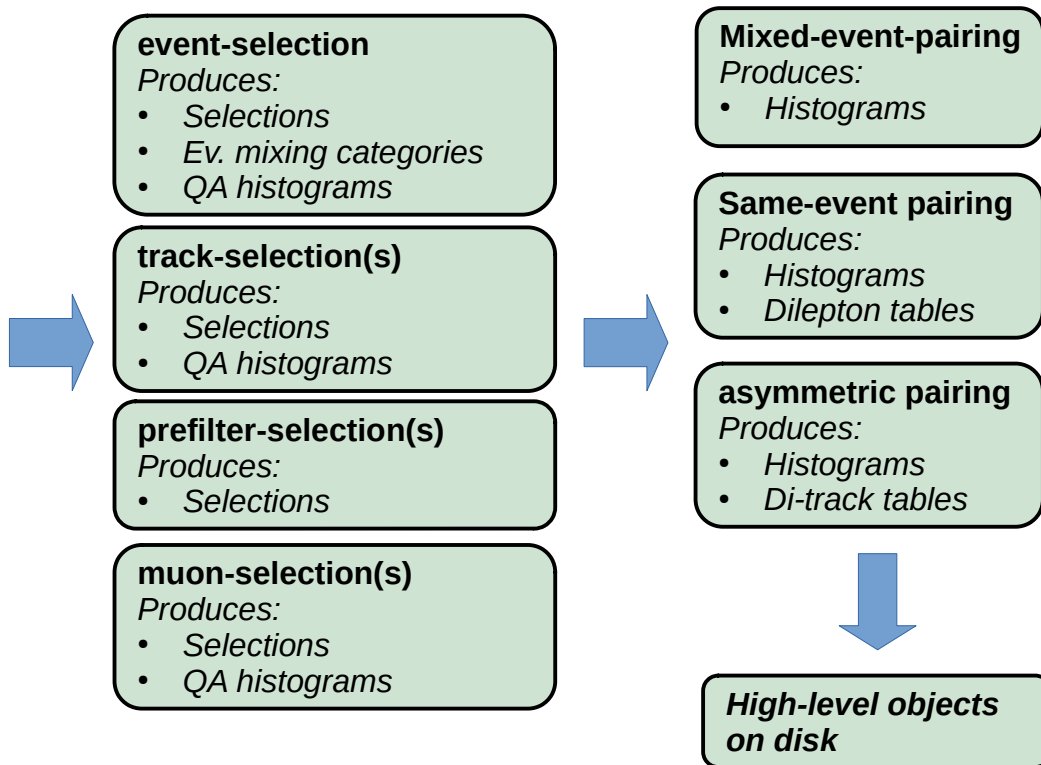
- *Selections*
- *QA histograms*

- Event and track selection devices (analysis tasks)
 - Produce event/track selection bits
 - Event mixing categories
 - QA histograms

The analysis workflow: two-track combinatorics

Input data

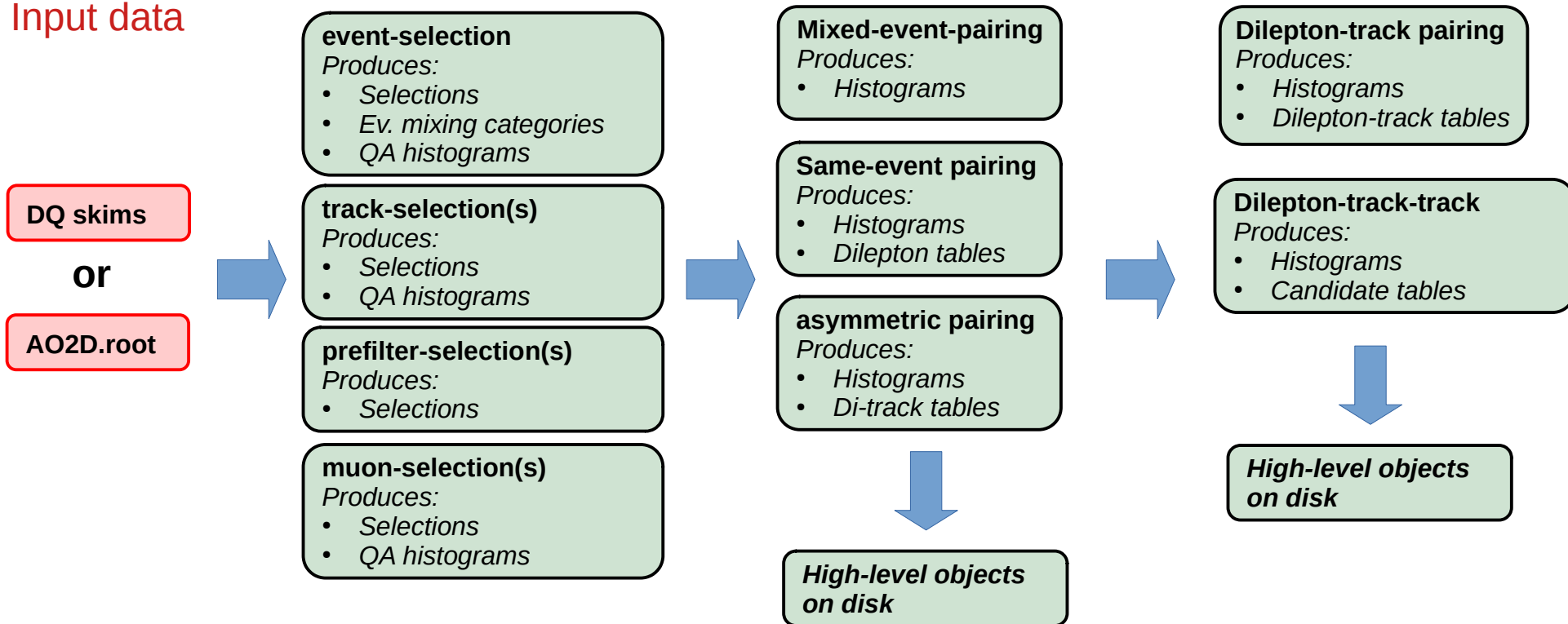
DQ skims
or
AO2D.root



- Same event pairing
- Mixed event pairing
- Asymmetric pairing
- Produces di-lepton and di-track tables

The analysis workflow: higher level tasks

Input data



- High level analysis tasks
 - Dilepton + track: $B \rightarrow J/\psi + K$, J/ψ -hadron correlations
 - Dilepton + track + track: $\psi(2S)/X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi + \pi\pi$
 - Ongoing: $\chi_c \rightarrow J/\psi + \gamma$, J/ψ in jets

O2 DQ analysis tools in ~20 lines of code

```
init() {  
  histMan = new HistogramManager("analysisHistos", "Analysis histograms", VarManager::kNVars);  
  dqhistograms::DefineHistograms(histMan, "EventHistograms", "event", "trigger,cent,mc");  
  dqhistograms::DefineHistograms(histMan, "TrackHistograms", "track", "its,tpcpid,dca,tofpid,mc");  
  dqhistograms::DefineHistograms(histMan, "TrackHistograms_MCmatch", "track", "its,tpcpid,dca,tofpid,mc");  
}
```

} Define histograms

- Predefined histograms are loaded from the **HistogramsLibrary** for
 - Class **event** and sub-classes **trigger,cent,mc**
 - Class **track** and sub-classes **its,tpcpid,dca,tofpid,mc**
- Histograms will be available in the output file in the directories "*EventHistograms*", "*TrackHistograms*" and "*TrackHistograms_Mcmatch*"
- Histograms are "aware" of what information they require
 - Filling of histograms can be done "in bulk"
 - No call to each individual histogram in the analysis task
 - neat and compact code
 - Decreases the frequency of PRs which modify just the binning of a histogram and allows a task to be used by multiple users for different purposes

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}
```

} Define histograms

- Predefined histograms are loaded from the **HistogramsLibrary** for
 - Class **event** and sub-classes **trigger,cent,mc**
 - Class **track** and sub-classes **its,tpcpid,dca,tofpid,mc**
- Histograms will be available in the output file in the directories “EventHistograms”, “TrackHistograms” and “TrackHistograms_Mcmatch”
- Histograms can also be declared on-the-fly via Configurables, using the JSON format

dqhistograms::AddHistogramsFromJSON(histMan, jsonString);

- More info here: **Definitions via JSON**

O2 DQ analysis tools in ~20 lines of code

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  dqhistograms::DefineHistograms(histMan, "TrackHistograms_MCmatch", "track", "its,tpcpid,dca,tofpid,mc");  
  
  fEventCut = new AnalysisCompositeCut(true);  
  fEventCut → AddCut(dqcuts::GetAnalysisCut("eventStandard"));  
  fTrackCut = new AnalysisCompositeCut(true);  
  fTrackCut → AddCut(dqcuts::GetAnalysisCut("jpsiPID1"));  
}
```

} Define histograms

} Define cuts

- An event cut (**eventStandard**) and a track cut (**jpsiPID1**) loaded from the **CutsLibrary** are being initialized
- Define cuts in a library with “human readable names”
 - Easy usage as input parameters (configurables) of the task
 - Flexibility: select fixed or variable (TF1) ranges for VarManager defined variables
 - Can be combined with AND / OR logic to construct complicated selections
 - Sharing between analysers
 - Reproducibility

O2 DQ analysis tools in ~20 lines of code

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  dqhistograms::DefineHistograms(histMan, "TrackHistograms_MCmatch", "track", "its,tpcpid,dca,tofpid,mc");  
  
  fEventCut = new AnalysisCompositeCut(true);  
  fEventCut → AddCut(dqcuts::GetAnalysisCut("eventStandard"));  
  fTrackCut = new AnalysisCompositeCut(true);  
  fTrackCut → AddCut(dqcuts::GetAnalysisCut("jpsiPID1"));  
}
```

} Define histograms

} Define cuts

- An event cut (**eventStandard**) and a track cut (**jpsiPID1**) loaded from the **CutsLibrary** are being initialized
- Analysis cuts can also be declared on-the-fly via JSON formatted Configurable strings

dqcuts::GetCutsFromJSON(jsonString);

- More info here: **Definitions via JSON**

O2 DQ analysis tools in ~20 lines of code

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init() {  
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  fEventCut = new AnalysisCompositeCut(true);  
  fEventCut → AddCut(dqcuts::GetAnalysisCut("eventStandard"));  
  fTrackCut = new AnalysisCompositeCut(true);  
  fTrackCut → AddCut(dqcuts::GetAnalysisCut("jpsiPID1"));  
  
  fMCsignal = dqmcsignals::GetMCSignal("eFromJpsi");  
}
```

} Define histograms

} Define cuts

} Define MC signals

- A Monte-Carlo signal which will be used for matching is loaded from the **MCSignalLibrary**, e.g. **eFromJpsi**
- Can be used as input parameters of the task
- Stored in a library shared with all analyzers
- Flexibility that covers a very wide range of use cases

O2 DQ analysis tools in ~20 lines of code

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  fTrackCut → AddCut(dqcuts::GetAnalysisCut("jpsiPID1"));  
  
  fMCsignal = dqmcsignals::GetMCSignal("eFromJpsi");  
}
```

} Define histograms

} Define cuts

} Define MC signals

- Monte-Carlo signals, MCSignal, can be also defined on-the-fly, using JSON formatted strings:

```
dqmcsignals::GetMCSignalsFromJSON(jsonString);
```

- More info here: [Definitions via JSON](#)

O2 DQ analysis tools in ~20 lines of code

```
process(aod::ReducedEvent event, soa::Join<aod::ReducedTracks, aod::ReducedTracksBarrelLabels> tracks,
aod::ReducedMCTracks tracksMC) {
    VarManager::FillEvent<gkEventFillMap>(event);
    if (!fEventCut->IsSelected(VarManager::fgValues)) {
        return;
    }
    histMan->FillHistClass("EventHistograms", VarManager::fgValues);
}
```

} Compute event quantities,
apply selections & fill
histograms

- Process function subscribing to the DQ skimmed collision, tracks and MC particles information
- Apply event selection and fill event histograms:
 - Compute all relevant event-wise quantities: *VarManager::FillEvent()*
 - Check that the event fulfills the selection cut: *fEventCut->IsSelected()*
 - Use the histogram manager to fill all the event wise histograms: *histMan->FillHistClass()*

O2 DQ analysis tools in ~20 lines of code

```
process(aod::ReducedEvent event, soa::Join<aod::ReducedTracks, aod::ReducedTracksBarrelLabels> tracks,  
aod::ReducedMCTracks tracksMC) {
```

```
    VarManager::FillEvent<gkEventFillMap>(event);  
    if (!fEventCut->IsSelected(VarManager::fgValues)) {  
        return;  
    }
```

} Compute event quantities,
apply selections & fill
histograms

```
    histMan → FillHistClass("EventHistograms", VarManager::fgValues);
```

```
    for(auto& track : tracks) {  
        VarManager::FillTrack<gkTrackFillMap>(track); // compute track quantities  
        VarManager::FillTrack<gkParticleMCFillMap>(track.reducedMCTrack());  
        if( ! fTrackCut->IsSelected(VarManager::fgValues))  
            continue;  
        histMan → FillHistClass("TrackHistograms", VarManager::fgValues);  
    }
```

} Compute track quantities,
apply selections & fill
histograms

```
}
```

- Loop over tracks
- Compute all relevant quantities: *VarManager::FillTrack()*
- Check that the track fulfills the selection cut: *fTrackCut → IsSelected()*
- Fill the histograms from the "TrackHistograms": *histMan->FillHistClass()*

O2 DQ analysis tools in ~20 lines of code

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process(aod::ReducedEvent event, soa::Join<aod::ReducedTracks, aod::ReducedTracksBarrelLabels> tracks,
aod::ReducedMCTracks tracksMC) {
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    VarManager::FillEvent<gkEventFillMap>(event);
    if (!fEventCut->IsSelected(VarManager::fgValues)) {
        return;
    }
```

} Compute event quantities,
apply selections & fill
histograms

```
    histMan → FillHistClass("EventHistograms", VarManager::fgValues);
```

```
    for(auto& track : tracks) {
        VarManager::FillTrack<gkTrackFillMap>(track); // compute track quantities
        VarManager::FillTrack<gkParticleMCFillMap>(track.reducedMCTrack());
        if( ! fTrackCut->IsSelected(VarManager::fgValues))
            continue;
        histMan → FillHistClass("TrackHistograms", VarManager::fgValues);
```

} Compute track quantities,
apply selections & fill
histograms

```
        if(fMCsignal → CheckSignal(true,tracksMC,track.reducedMCTrack())) {
            histMan → FillHistClass("TrackHistograms_MCmatch", VarManager::fgValues);
        }
```

} Match MC signals & fill
histograms

```
    }
```

- Check that the current track matches the specified MC signal: *fMCsignal → CheckSignal()*
- Fill histograms for the tracks which match the specified signal

Summary

- A nearly complete set of analysis tools is available for single-lepton, di-lepton and higher level analyses (either in the barrel, muon or barrel-muon)
- Level of configurability allows for the same workflow to be used in a variety of analyses
- Additional tools and options for new analyses are being added continuously
- Contact DQ coordinators if you would like to have functionality of your analysis in the framework

Backup



ALICE