



Analysis Tutorial: Unified framework for femto analysis

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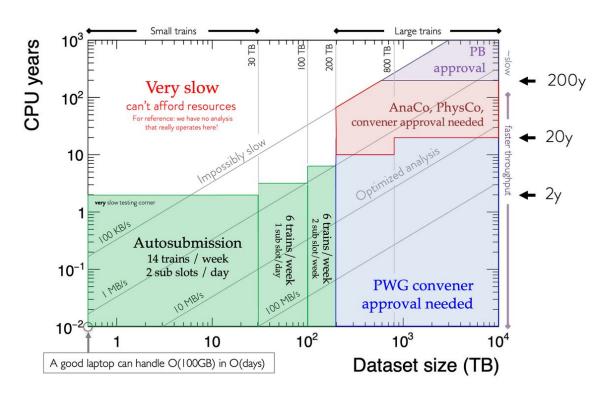
Outline



- 1. Motivation for a (new) Unified Framework
- 2. Available Tables in the Framework
- 3. Populating the Tables
- 4. Quality Assurance (QA) Tasks
- 5. Analysis Tasks
- 6. Hands on

Why do we need framework with custom data model?

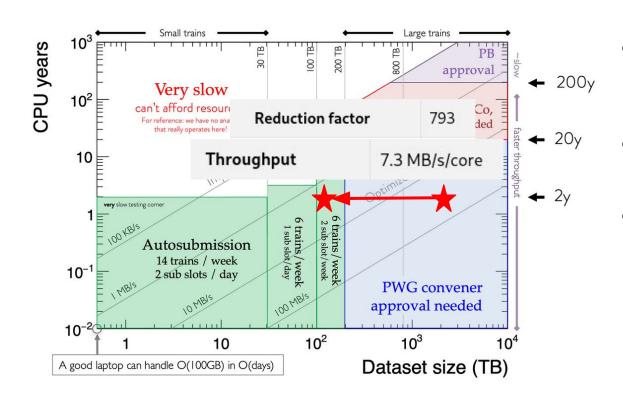




- Femto analysis are very statistics hungry, so most analysis will try to run over the largest possible dataset (e.g. 2023_thin ~ 1.5 PB)
- For femto not much information about tracks & events is needed (kinematics, zVtx, Mult, ...)
- Great opportunity to produced derived data with large compression to allow for fast and efficient analysis

Why do we need framework with custom data model?



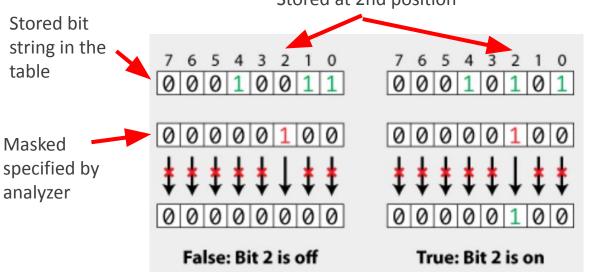


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How do we compress information about selections?



TPC clusters > 100 Stored at 2nd position



Track did not pass the cut,

track excluded from analysis

Track did pass the cut, track

excluded from analysis

- Compress information whether a specific cut was passed in a series of bits
- At analysis time analyzer specify which cut they want to "turn on/off" by configuring a mask
- Tables can be partitioned into particles that pass the selections up front, no need string endless if statements together

How do we compress information about selections?



Defined track partition once and it can be reused over and over

```
standard track partition
#define MAKE TRACK PARTITION(selection)
 ifnode(selection.chargeSign.node() != 0, ifnode(selection.chargeSign.node() > 0, femtoba
   (nabs(selection.chargeAbs.node() * femtobase::stored::signedPt) > selection.ptMin) &&
   (nabs(selection.chargeAbs.node() * femtobase::stored::signedPt) < selection.ptMax) &8
   (femtobase::stored::eta > selection.etaMin) &&
   (femtobase::stored::eta < selection.etaMax) &&
   (femtobase::stored::phi > selection.phiMin) &&
   (femtobase::stored::phi < selection.phiMax) &&
   ifnode(nabs(selection.chargeAbs.node() * facobase::stored::signedPt) * (nexp(femtobas
          ncheckbit(femtotracks::mask, selection.maskLowMomentum),
          ncheckbit(femtotracks::mask, selection.maskHighMomentum))
```

 PID information also compressed in bit string stored in the table, so we need to masks for low and high momentum

Why a new datamodel/framework?



```
DECLARE_SOA_TABLE(FDParticles, "AOD", "FDPARTICLE", o2::soa::Index<>, femtodreamparticle::FDCollisionIr, femtodreamparticle::Pt, femtodreamparticle::Eta, femtodreamparticle::Phi, femtodreamparticle::PartType, femtodreamparticle::Cut, femtodreamparticle::PIDCut, femtodreamparticle::TempFitVar, femtodreamparticle::ChildrenIds, femtodreamparticle::MLambda, femtodreamparticle::MAntiLambda,
```

6 int32 + 6 floats + 1 int8 = 49 Bytes Main issue: Same table format for tracks and V0s!

Unnecessary information is stored for tracks and V0

Since no information about V0 children is stored, V0 cannot

be partitioned based on cuts on the children

Extension to cascades not easily possible

Need a variable to define particle type, i.e. Track, V0, ...

PID and track quality cuts are stored in different bits

Storing PID information for V0s

Storing information about children ID and mass unnecessarily for tracks

Goal:

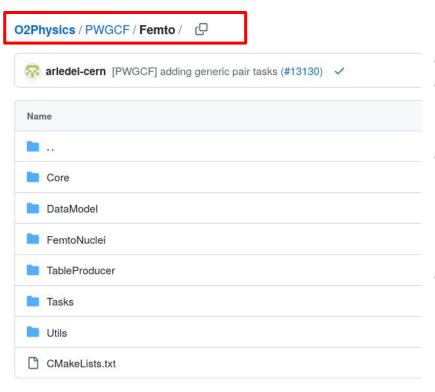
- Use dedicated data table for tracks and V0s, cascades, resonancess
- Make data format overall more modular

This should ...

- Make inclusion of new particle types easier
- Offers more flexibility in terms of track information/selections during analysis/QA
- Larger compression!

Framework now part of O2Physics!





- Framework available in PWGF/Femto
- Old files were moved to FemtoNuclei folder
 - Moving the other frameworks as a subfolder into this folder?
- Most important files are the
 - PWGCF/Femto/DataModel/FemtoTables.h One file containing all table definitions
 - PWGCF/Femto/TableProducer/femtoProducer.cxx One file producing all tables
- Under task there are the QA tasks for QAing single particles and generic pair tasks that can be used for analysis

Table for Collisions



```
// table for basic collision information
DECLARE SOA TABLE STAGED VERSIONED(FCols 001, "FCOL", 1, //! femto collisions
                                     o2::soa::Index<>,
Staged -> table can be consumed and
                                     femtocollisions::PosZ,
reproduced in same task
                                     femtocollisions::Mult,
Versioned -> old derived data can be
                                     femtocollisions::Cent,
                                     femtocollisions::Sphericity,
updated on the fly to the new version
                                     femtocollisions::MagField);
using FCols = FCols 001;
using StoredFCols = StoredFCols 001;
// table for collisions selections
DECLARE_SOA_TABLE_STAGED_VERSIONED (FColMasks_001, "FCOLMASK", 1, //! track masks
                                     femtocollisions::CollisionMask);
using FColMasks = FColMasks_001;
using StoredFColMasks = StoredFColMasks 001;
```

- Storing additional information for collision selection in dedicated bitmask
- Maybe adding the cut on sphericity and magnetic field to the mask?

RCTFlag and trigger selections



- For analysis on skimmed data, only events for a specific trigger can be selected
- Event selection is internally handled by Zorro

```
struct ConfCollisionTriggers : o2::framework::ConfigurableGroup {
   std::string prefix = std::string("CollisionTriggers");
   o2::framework::Configurable<bool> useTrigger{"useTrigger", false, "Set to true to only selected triggered collision o2::framework::Configurable<std::string> ccdbPath{"ccdbPath", std::string("EventFiltering/Zorro/"), "CCDB path for o2::framework::Configurable<std::string> triggers{"triggers", std::string("fPPP,fPPL"), "Comma seperated list of a };

struct ConfCollisionRctFlags : o2::framework::ConfigurableGroup {
   std::string prefix = std::string("CollisionRctFlags");
   o2::framework::Configurable<bool> useRctFlags{"useRctFlags", true, "Set to true to use RCT flags"};
   o2::framework::Configurable<std::string> label{"label", std::string("CBT_hadronPID"), "Which RCT flag to check"};
   o2::framework::Configurable<bool> useZdc{"useZdc", false, "Whether to use ZDC (only use for PbPb)"};
   o2::framework::Configurable<bool> treatLimitedAcceptanceAsBad{"treatLimitedAcceptanceAsBad", false, "Whether to tr
};
```

- DPG is providing RCTFlagChecker to have time dependent run quality
- By default using CBT_hadronPID (-> good quality from ITS, TPC and TOF) and limited acceptance is treated as NOT bad (i.e. MC reproducible)
- Event and RCTFlag cuts are implicit, so the producer only builds events which pass these cuts, but no bits are stored

Collision selection



```
struct ConfCollisionBits : o2::framework::ConfigurableGroup {
  std::string prefix = std::string("CollisionBits"):
  o2::framework::Configurable<int> sel8{"sel8", 1, "Use sel8 (-1: stored in bitmaks; 0 off; 1 on)"};
  o2::framework::Configurable<int> noSameBunchPileup{"noSameBunchPileup", 0, "Reject collisions in case of pileup
  o2::framework::Configurable<int> isVertexItsTpc{"isVertexItsTpc", 0, "At least one ITS-TPC track found for the v
  o2::framework::Configurable<int> isGoodZvtxFt0VsPv{"isGoodZvtxFt0VsPv", 0, "mall difference between z-vertex fr
  o2::framework::Configurable<int> noCollInTimeRangeNarrow{"noCollInTimeRangeNarrow", 0, "no other collisions in s
  o2::framework::Configurable<int> noCollInTimeRangeStrict{"noCollInTimeRangeStr
                                                                                 General event quality
  o2::framework::Configurable<int>
                                   noCollInTimeRangeStandard{"noCollInTimeRang
                                                                                 and pile up rejection
  o2::framework::Configurable<int>
                                  noCollInRofStrict{"noCollInRofStrict", 0,
  o2::framework::Configurable<int>
                                  noCollInRofStandard{"noCollInRofStandard".
  o2::framework::Configurable<int> noHighMultCollInPrevRof{"noHighMultCollInPrevRof", 0, "veto an event if FTOC am
  o2::framework::Configurable<int> isGoodItsLayer3{"isGoodItsLayer3", 0, "number of inactive chips on ITS layer 3
  o2::framework::Configurable<int> isGoodItsLayer0123{"isGoodItsLayer0123", 0,
                                                                                 ITS layers
 o2::framework::Configurable<int> isGoodItsLayersAll{"isGoodItsLayersAll", 0,
 o2::framework::Configurable<std: vector<float>> occupancyMin{"occupancyMin",
                                                                                 Occupancy cut
  o2::framework::Configurable<std: vector<float>> occupancyMax{"occupancyMax"
```

- All cuts are available for pp and PbPb
- Cuts on event quality can be either off, implicit (no bit stored) or explicit (with a bit stored)

Collision selection



```
Initialize femto collision builder...
[23:39:21][INFO] Enabled femto table (auto): FCols 001
[23:39:21][INFO] Enabled femto table (auto): FColMasks_001
[23:39:21][INFO] Enabled femto table (auto): FColPos 001
[23:39:21][INFO] Printing Configuration of Collision Selection Object
[23:39:21][INFO] Observable: Is good zvtx FT0 vs PV (index 3)
[23:39:21][INFO]
[23:39:21][INFO]
                   Skip most permissive : no
[23:39:21][INFO]
[23:39:21][INFO]
[23:39:21][INFO]
[23:39:21][INFO]
                    1.000000
[23:39:21][INFO]
[23:39:21][INFO] Observable: No same bunch pileup (10ex 1)
[23:39:21][INFO]
                   Limit type
[23:39:21][INFO]
[23:39:21][INFO]
                   Skip most permissive : no
[23:39:21][INFO]
[23:39:21][INFO]
[23:39:21][INFO]
                    1.000000
[23:39:21][INFO]
[23:39:21][INFO]
                 Observable: Sel8 ·
[23:39:21][INFO]
                   Limit type
[23:39:21][INFO]
                   Skip most permissive : yes
[23:39:21][INFO]
[23:39:21][INFO]
[23:39:21][INFO]
[23:39:21][INFO]
                                          -> loosest minimal selection, no bit saved
                     1.000000
[23:39:21][INFO]
[23:39:21][INFO] Printing done
                Initialization done...
```

- femtoProduer is very verbose during initialization
- Example for configuration of collsionBuilder:
 - Explicit cut on IsGoodVtxFT0VsPv and noSameBunchPileUp (-> collision are stored, result of the cut is stored in bitmask
 - Implicity cut on Sel8 (->
 collision only stored of Sel8 is fulfilled, not bit stored)

```
0b0001 (1)
+ 0b0010 (2)
------
Uts: 0b0011 (3)
```

To activate all cuts:

Table for Tracks

using StoredFTracks = StoredFTracks_001;



```
// table for basic track information

DECLARE_SOA_TABLE_STAGED_VERSIONED(FTracks_001, "FTRACK", 1, //! femto tracks

02::soa::Index<>,
femtobase::stored::CollisionId,
femtobase::stored::SignedPt,
femtobase::stored::Eta,
femtobase::stored::Phi,
femtobase::dynamic::Ptsfemtobase::stored::SignedPt>,
femtobase::dynamic::Ptsfemtobase::stored::SignedPt>,
femtobase::dynamic::Ptsfemtobase::stored::SignedPt,
femtobase::dynamic::Ptsfemtobase::dynamic::Dynamic::Dynamic::Dynamic::Dynamic::Dynam
```

- Use signed Pt of the track to determine its charge instead of reserving a special bit in the bitmask
- Pt and other kinetic variables are still accessible via dynamic columns
- "Stored" tables are produced by second stage derived data production

Table for Tracks



Trackmask has a dedicated table

Can be joined with the track table for selections

```
using Tracks = o2::soa::Join<FUTracks, FUTrackMasks>; 2 int32 + 3 floats + 1 int64 = 28 Bytes
```

 Previously stored track quality and PID in separate masks (32bit each), now combined into one mask of size 64bit

```
using TrackMaskType = uint64_t;
```

Extended columns for debugging and QA also available, staged and versioned

```
using Tracks = o2::soa::Join<FTracks, FTrackMasks, FTrackDcas, FTrackExtras, FTrackPids>;
```

Example: Bitmask for tracks



```
Observable: Min. fraction of TPC clusters over TPC crossed rows (index 2)
                                                                           Here is a cutout from producer output
 Limit type
                    : Lower Limit
 Minimal cut
                    : ves
                                                                           To compute the bitmask, select the cuts
 Skip most permissive : yes
 Bitmask shift
                    : 2
                                                                            you want and just add the associated
 Selections
                                                                            bitmasks
                     -> loosest minimal selection, no bit saved
   0.830000
   0.900000
                     -> bitmask: 65536
                                                                           Here:
                     -> bitmask: 131072
   0.950000
                                                                     Fraction cluster/shared > 0.95 -> 131072
Observable: Min. number of crossed TPC rows (index
 Limit type
                    : Lower Limit
                                                                     Crossed Rows > 100
                                                                                                       -> 524288
 Minimal cut
                    : ves
                                                                     Min. Cluster > 110
                                                                                                       -> 2097152
 Skip most permissive : ves
 Bitmask shift
                    : 2
 Selections
                     -> loosest minimal selection, no bit saved
   80.000000
   90 000000
                     -> bitmask: 262144
                                                                      0b00001000000000000000000
                                                                                                                (131072)
   100.000000
                     -> bitmask: 524288
                                                                     0b00100000000000000000000
                                                                                                                (524288)
Observable: Min. number of TPC clusters (index 0)
 Limit type
                    : Lower Limit
                                                                     (2097152)
 Minimal cut
                    : ves
 Skip most permissive : ves
 Bitmask shift
                    : 2
 Selections
                     -> loosest minimal selection to bit saved
   90.000000
                                                                      0b101010000000000000000000
                                                                                                                (2752512)
                     -> bitmask: 1048576
   100.000000
   110.000000
                     -> bitmask: 2097152
```



template <typename T, typename BitmaskType>
class SelectionContainer

 SelectionContainer is storing all possible values for one specific cut and can generate the mask for a given value

```
private:
    std::vector<T> mSelectionValues = {};
    std::vector<TF1> mSelectionFunctions = {};
    limits::LimitType mLimitType;
    std::bitset<sizeof(BitmaskType) * CHAR_BIT> mBitmask = {}; //< bitmask for the observable
    bool mSkipMostPermissiveBit = false;
    bool mIsMinimalCut = false;
};</pre>

/// whether to use this observable for minimal selection or not
};
```

- Instead of values, also functions can be given (needed for DCA selections)
- In case of, e.g., track quality cuts, they all need to be passed simultaneously for a track to be accepted, so we can mark them as "Minimal Cut"
- Similarly for track quality, if they need to be passed for the track to be accepted at all, we do not need to bit for the loosest selection, so this bit can be skipped

```
for (auto const& selectionContainer : mSelectionContainers) {
    // if there are no selections for a certain observable, skip
    if (selectionContainer.isEmpty()) {
        continue;
    }
    // Shift the result to make space and add the new value
    mFinalBitmask = (mFinalBitmask << selectionContainer.getShift()) | selectionContainer.getBitmask();
}</pre>
```

Example:

- Mask for Cut1: 011
- Maks for Cut2: 0111
 - 1. FinalBitmask = 00000000
 - a. Shift by $3\,00000000 << 3 = 00000000$
 - b. Add bits of mask1: 00000000 | 00000011 = 00000011
 - 2. FinalBitmask = 00000011
 - a. Shift by $4\,00000011 << 4 = 00110000$
 - b. Add bits of maks2: 00110000 | 00000111 = 00110111
 - 3. Keep going



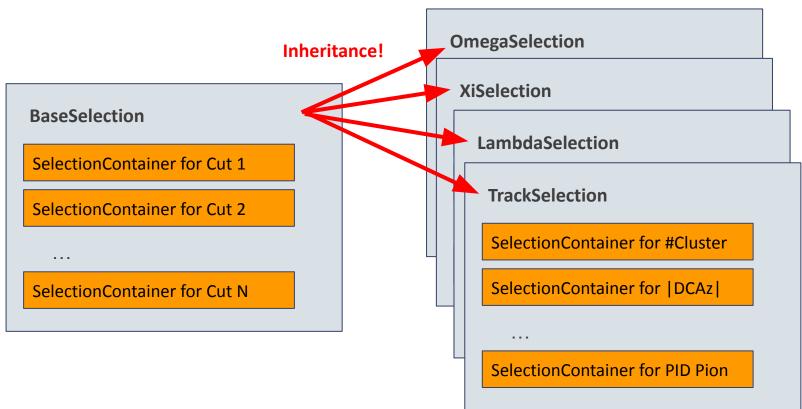
```
Observable: TPC+TOF Proton PID (index 32)
 Limit type
                     : Absolute Upper Limit
 Minimal cut
                    : no
 Skip most permissive : no
 Bitmask shift
                     : 1
 Selections
                      -> bitmask: 1
   3.000000
Observable: TPC Proton PID (index 18)
 Limit type : Absolute Upper Limit
 Minimal cut
                     : no
 Skip most permissive : no
 Bitmask shift
 Selections
                      -> bitmask: 2
   3.000000
Observable: Max. |DCA_z| (cm) as a function of pT (index 7)
 Limit type
                     : Absolute Upper Function Limit
 Minimal cut
                     : yes
 Skip most permissive : yes
 Bitmask shift
 Selections
   0.004+0.013*TMath::Power(x,-1)-> loosest minimal selection, no bit saved
```

- Verbose output, mask for each cut is indicated here
- To compute the bitmask for a desired selections, just add up the numbers

In example here, everything is a minimal cut (bit skip) except for PID, so

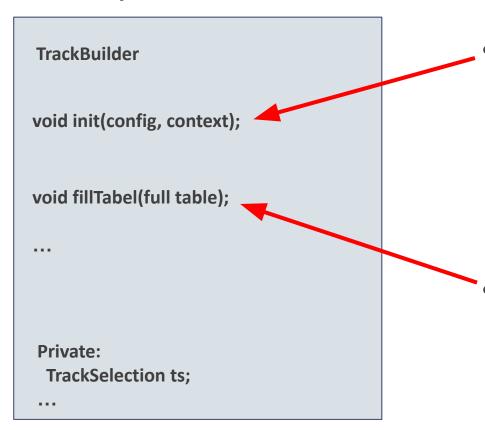
TPC PID Proton: Mask = 2
TPCTOF PID Proton: Mask=1





Example: TrackBuilder





Init function takes all configurable and the init context as input

- From the init context the builder can deduce which tables are activated and only builds these tables (!process function needs to be correct!)
- Configures the TrackSelection object, responsible for selection tracks and computing the bit mask
- fillTable function takes as input the original table and then fills the new femto table, depending on the configured selection and enables tables

FemtoProducer is fully modular

```
ALICE
```

```
// track builder
trackbuilder::TrackBuilderProducts trackBuilderProducts;
trackbuilder::ConfTrackTables confTrackTables;
trackbuilder::TrackBuilder trackBuilder; Declare
trackbuilder::ConfTrackBits confTrackBits;
trackbuilder::ConfTrackFilters confTrackFilters;
```

```
// Core implementation, parameterized by builders to call
template <modes::System system, typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4>
void processTracks(T1 const6 col, T2 const6 /* bcs*/, T3 const6 tracks, T4 const6 tracksWithItsPid)
{
   auto bc = col.template bc_as<T2>();
   collisionBuilder.buildCollision<system>(bc, col, tracks);
   if (!collisionBuilder.checkCollision(bc, col)) {
      return;
   }
   collisionBuilder.fillCollision<system>(collisionBuilderProducts, col);

// tracks
   indexMapTracks.clear();
   trackBuilder.fillTracks(tracksWithItsPid, trackBuilderProducts, collisionBuilderProducts, indexMapTracks);
```

- Keep the logic for filling tables outside of the femtoProducer
- Filling of the tables for different particles is handled by dedicated builder class for each particle type
- This keeps the femtoProduer "small" and the class can be reused if needed
- Declare builder with dedicated ConfigurableGroups and ProducesGroups
- Initialize the Builder in init function
- Process and fill tables in process function

Table for V0s (Lambdas)



```
Staged -> table can be
consumed and reproduced in
same task
Versioned -> old derived data
can be updated on the fly to
                                   Femtobase::dynamic::Pt<femtobase::stored::SignedPt>,
the new version
                                   emtobase::dynamic::Px<femtobase::stored::SignedPt, femtobase::stored::Eta>,
                                  femtobase::dynamic::Py<femtobase::stored::SignedPt, femtobase::stored::Eta>,
                                  femtobase::dynamic::Pz<femtobase::stored::SignedPt, femtobase::stored::Eta>,
using FLambdas = FLambdas 001;
using StoredFLambdas = StoredFLambdas_001;
```

- Use signed Pt of the lambda to determine whether it is Lambda (+1) or AntiLambda (-1)
- Daughter tracks are (always) stored in the track table and can be access via the index
- Pt and other kinetic variables are still accessible via dynamic columns
- All selections for Lambda candidate (including track quality of daughters and PID) are stored in mask of the lambda). KOshort hypothesis is rejected at producer level

Table for V0s (K0shorts)





```
DECLARE_SOA_TABLE_STAGED_VERSIONED(FK0shorts_001, "FK0SHORT", 1, //! femto k0shorts
 Staged -> table can be
 consumed and reproduced in
 same task
 Versioned -> old derived data
                                   femtov0s::PosDauId,
 can be updated on the fly to
the new version
                                   femtobase::dvnamic::Px<femtobase::stored::Pt. femtobase::stored::Eta>.
using FKOshorts = FKOshorts 001;
using StoredFKOshorts = StoredFKOshorts 001;
```

- No need for signed Pt since there is no antiparticle
- Other than that, has exactly the same structure as Lambda (mask has the same size)
- Lambda hypothesis can be rejected at the producer level

4 int32 + 4 floats + 1 int16 = 34 Bytes (+ at most 2*28 Bytes if both daughters are not in the track table)

Table for Cascades (Xis)



Staged -> table can be consumed and reproduced in same task

Versioned -> old derived data can be updated on the fly to the new version

```
femtobase::stored::Mass.
femtocascades::BachelorId,
femtobase::dynamic::Px<femtobase::stored::SignedPt, femtobase::stored::Eta>,
femtobase::dynamic::Py<femtobase::stored::SignedPt, femtobase::stored::Eta>,
femtobase::dynamic::Pz<femtobase::stored::SignedPt, femtobase::stored::Eta>,
```

using FXis = FXis_001;

- Use signed Pt to differentiate between particle (Xi-) and antiparticle (Xi+)
- Add additional index for bachelor particle
- This follows the same structure as the original strangeness table, where we do not store the index of the daughter lambda extended information about daughter lambda is stored in the extend cascade table
- Cuts on Xi, daughter lambda and all daughter tracks is stored in the mask of the Xi

Table for Cascades (Omegas)



```
DECLARE SOA TABLE STAGED VERSIONED(FOmegas 001, "FOMEGA", 1, //! femto omegas
  Staged -> table can be
                                   femtobase::stored::Phi,
  consumed and reproduced in
  same task
  Versioned -> old derived data
  can be updated on the fly to
  the new version
                                   femtobase::dynamic::Py<femtobase::stored::SignedPt, femtobase::stored::Eta>,
                                   femtobase::dynamic::Pz<femtobase::stored::SignedPt, femtobase::stored::Eta>,
using FOmegas = FOmegas 001;
```

5 int32 + 4 floats + 1 int16 = 38 Bytes (+ at most 3*28 Bytes if bachelor/daughters are not in the track table)

Table for TwoTrackResonances (Phi)



```
Staged -> table can be consumed and reproduced in same task

Versioned -> old derived data can be updated on the fly to the new version

Staged -> table can be consumed and reproduced in same task

Versioned -> old derived data can be updated on the fly to the new version

Staged -> table can be consumed and reproduced in same task

Versioned -> old derived data can be updated on the fly to the new version

Staged -> table can be consumed and reproduced in same task

Versioned -> old derived data can be updated on the fly to the new version

Staged -> table can be consumed::Stored::Pt, femtobase::stored::Pt, femtobase::stored::Pt, femtobase::stored::Eta>, femtobase::dynamic::Px<femtobase::stored::Pt, femtobase::stored::Eta>, femtobase::dynamic::Pz<femtobase::stored::Pt, femtobase::stored::Eta>, femtobase::dynamic::Pz<femtobase::stored::Pt, femtobase::stored::Eta>, femtobase::dynamic::Pz<femtobase::stored::Eta>);
```

- In contrast to V0s, daughters with high pt need TOF information, so PID for daughters is no longer minimal cut and we need information about the momentum of the daughters
- Store special bit about daughter momentum in the bitmask

using FPhis = FPhis 001:

• No topological cuts for resonance, so mask only contains selections on daughter properties

5 int32 + 4 floats = 36 Bytes (+ at most 3*28 Bytes if bachelor/daughters are not in the track table)

Table for TwoTrackResonances (Phi)



```
template <typename T1, typename T2, typename T3, typename T4, typename T5, typename T6>
void fillResonance(T18 collisionProducts, T28 trackProducts, T38 resonanceProducts, T4 const8 posDaughter, T4 const8 negDaughter, T58 trackBuilder, T68 indexMap)
  int64 t posDaughterIndex = 0;
 posDaughterIndex = trackBuilder.template getDaughterIndex<modes::Track::kResonanceDaughter>(posDaughter, trackProducts, collisionProducts, indexMap);
 negDaughterIndex = trackBuilder.template getDaughterIndex<modes::Track::kResonanceDaughter>(negDaughter, trackProducts, collisionProducts, indexMap);
 if constexpr (modes::isEqual(resoType, modes::TwoTrackResonance::kRho0)) {
```

- Pairing negative and positive tracks and check for resonance hypothesis
- Check track quality and PID of daughter tracks first, then reconstruct and check the mass. If all passes, add the resonance to the table

Table for TwoTrackResonances (K*0)



```
Staged -> table can be
consumed and reproduced in
same task
```

Versioned -> old derived data can be updated on the fly to the new version

```
DECLARE_SOA_TABLE_STAGED_VERSIONED(FKstar0s_001, "FKSTAR0", 1, //! femto k0star
                                   femtobase::stored::Mass,
                                   femtotwotrackresonances::PosDauId,
                                   femtobase::dynamic::P<femtobase::stored::SignedPt, femtobase::stored::Eta>,
                                   femtobase::dynamic::Pz<femtobase::stored::SignedPt, femtobase::stored::Eta>,
```

using FKstar0s = FKstar0s_001;

- Compared to Phi and Rho, K*0 is not its own antiparticle
- Use same trick as before, store signedPt for particle (+1) and antiparticle (-1)

5 int32 + 4 floats = 36 Bytes (+ at most 3*28 Bytes if bachelor/daughters are not in the track table)

Table for Kinks (charged sigmas)



```
// table for basic sigma minus information

DECLARE_SOA_TABLE_STAGED_VERSIONED(FSigmas_001, "FSIGMA", 1,

2::soa::Index<>,
femtobase::stored::CollisionId, // use sign to differentiate between sigma minus information

femtobase::stored::SignedPt,
femtobase::stored::Eta,
femtobase::stored::Mass,
femtobase::dynamic::Pt<femtobase::stored::SignedPt>,
femtobase::dynamic::Pt<femtobase::stored::SignedPt>,
femtobase::dynamic::Pt<femtobase::stored::SignedPt, femtobase::stored::Eta>,
femtobase::dynamic::Pt<femtobase::stored::SignedPt, femtobase::stored::Eta>);

using FSigmas = FSigmas 001;
```

- Use signed Pt of the sigma to determine whether it is SigmaMinus (-1) or AntiSigmaMinus (+1)
- Daughter track is (always) stored in the track table and can be access via the index
- Pt and other kinetic variables are still accessible via dynamic columns
- All selections for Sigma candidate (including track quality of daughters and PID) are stored in mask

Implemented by Henrik Fribert

Generice Qa tasks



```
trackhistmanager::TrackHistManager<trackhistmanager::PrefixTrackQa, modes::Mode::kAnalys Dec arcackHistManager:
void init(InitContext8)
void process(FilteredCollision const& col, Tracks (ensign tracks*/)
 for (auto consts track: trackSliptocess particle by particle
```

Generate partition of particles and then fill them one by one

Generice Pair tasks



Declare

```
pairbuilder::PairTrackTrackBuilder<
    trackhistmanager::PrefixTrack1,
    trackhistmanager::PrefixTrack2,
    pairhistmanager::PrefixTrackTrackSe,
    pairhistmanager::PrefixTrackTrackMe,
    closepairrejection::PrefixTrackTrackTrackSe,
    closepairrejection::PrefixTrackTrackMe,
    modes::Mode::kAnalysis>
    pairTrackTrackBuilder;
```

Initialize

pairTrackTrackBuilder.init(8hRegistry, trackSelections1, trackSelections2,

- Same goals as femtoProducer; keep logic in dedicate class and only declare, initalize and process inside the actual task
- PairBuilder manages the single particle histograms, the pair histograms (so far only k* distributions), close pair rejection (here also generic class) and pair cleaner

Generice Pair cleaner



Base class

```
class BasePairCleaner
{
  public:
    BasePairCleaner() = default;
    virtual ~BasePairCleaner() = default;

protected:
  template <typename T1, typename T2>
  bool isCleanTrackPair(const T16 track1, const T28 track2) const
  {
    return track1.globalIndex() != track2.globalIndex();
    };
};
```

Base class is very simple, it only checks the global indices of two tracks

Track Track cleaner (trivial, does same as base class)

```
class TrackTrackPairCleaner : public BasePairCleaner
{
  public:
    trackTrackPairCleaner() = default;
    template <typename T>
    bool isCleanPair(const T& track1, const T& track2) const
    {
      return this->isCleanTrackPair(track1, track2);
    }
};
```

Track V0 cleaner
(a bit more involved, check index of the track vs V0 daughters)

```
class TrackV0PairCleaner : public BasePairCleaner // also works for particles decaying into a positive
{
  public:
    TrackV0PairCleaner() = default;
    template <typename T1, typename T2, typename T3>
    bool isCleanPair(const T18 track, const T28 v0, const T38 /*trackTable */) const
  {
    auto posDaughter = v0.template posDau_as<T3>();
    auto negDaughter = v0.template negDau_as<T3>();
    return (this->isCleanTrackPair(posDaughter, track) 68 this->isCleanTrackPair(negDaughter, track));
  }
};
```

Generice Close Pair rejection

Track Track CPR (does same as base CPR)



```
template <const char* prefix>
class CloseTrackRejection
{
  public:
    CloseTrackRejection() = default;
    virtual ~CloseTrackRejection() = default;

bool isClosePair() const
{
    return std::hypot(mAverageDphistar / mDphistarMax, mDeta / mDetaMax) < 1.f;
}</pre>
```

Generic class which checks whether two tracks are too close or not (also does the histogramming)
No inheritance here, but class is initialized as a data member of the specialized CPR class for different particle types

```
template <const char* prefix>
class ClosePairRejectionTrackTrack
{
  public:
  private:
    CloseTrackRejection<prefix> mCtr;
  bool mIsActivated = true;
};
```

Track V0 CPR (check whether the track and the same charged daughter are too close)

```
template <typename T1, typename T2, typename T3>
void setPair(const T16 track, const T26 v0, const T3 /*trackTable*/)
{
   if (mChargeTrack > 0) {
      auto daughter = v0.template posDau_as<T3>();
      mCtr.compute(track, daughter);
   } else if (mChargeTrack < 0) {
      auto daughter = v0.template negDau_as<T3>();
      mCtr.compute(track, daughter);
   } else {
      LOG(fatal) << "CPR Track-V0: Sign of the track is 0!";
   }
}</pre>
```

Overview



Available:

- Implemented/updated format for collisions, tracks, V0s (Lambda & K0short), Resonances (Phi, Rho0, K*0) and cascades (Xi, Omega)
- New tables are modular and versioned
- Selection and histograming class for each particle type
- Qa task for each particle type
- Most generic Pairing tasks are implemented

Pending:

- Tables for MC are missing (there is a standard procedure on how to handle MC)
- Utility for computation of bitmask for different particle types
 - Verbose information is provided by the producer
 - At least for Qa task, traditional method of supplying cuts should work
- Second stage derived producer and event tagging (old CollisionMasker)

Hands-on Part:



- Part 1: Using the framework
 - Download the provided files and run the femtoProducer task by yourself!
 - Take your favourite particle type and configure and run the corresponding QA task
 - Take your favourite particle type and configure and run the corresponding pair task pairing it with a track
 - Run femtoproducer task standalone and produce derived data
 - Run QA/analysis task with derived data as input
 - Generate 2nd stage derived data for individual analysis
- Part 2: Adding to the framework
 - Download the provided files and implement step by step a simplified version of the pair track track task

backup

